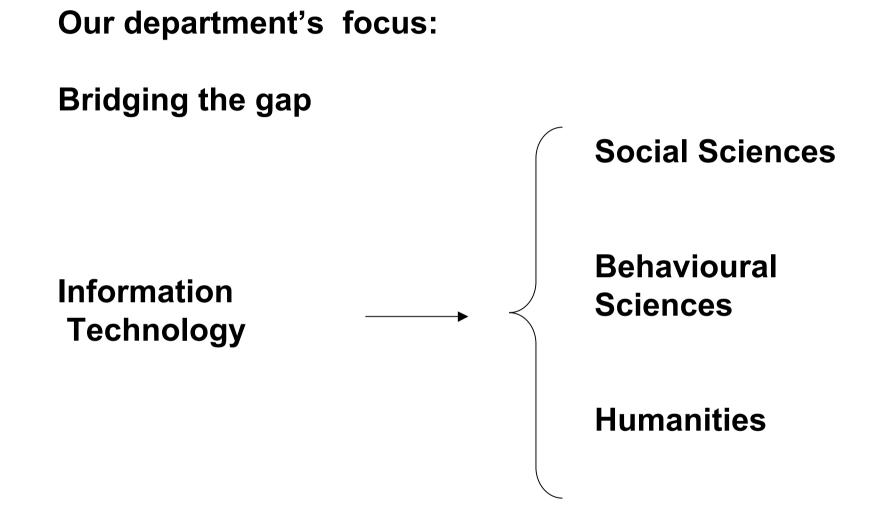


Empowerment of the academic communities in developing countries

through ICT education and networking

1

Rodolfo Candia Department of Computer and Systems Sciences (DSV) Stockholm University and KTH Forum 100, SE-164 40 Kista Sweden candia@dsv.su.se



ICT in Academic Development

Projects in cooperation with universities from

Sri Lanka Vietnam Mozambique Tanzania Ethiopia Burkina Faso Uganda

Support: Sida and EU

Why support to ICT in developing countries?

- An unavoidable challenge
- An intriguing **opportunity**

ICT as a challenge:

It is necessary to bridge the digital divide

ICT as an opportunity:

A valuable instrument that can help developing countries to be a part of the global economy

Support to ICT development at universities

Why?

- ICT has become an indispensable tool for the scientific and academic community throughout the world.

- Universities are a natural and effective environment for the transfer of ICT know-how and ICT development in society. The projects' objectives

- To enhance ICT at partner universities

- To provide reliable and economical Internet connection to partners

- To contribute to the integration of ICT as a tool for development in sectors and areas where it could make a difference

Project activities:

- ICT policies and organisation development
- Technical Infrastructure

- Human resources development - PhD Programs

ICT Policy and Master Plan

Success factor for the development and use of ICT: the existence of a common vision of how ICT can improve the effectiveness of organisations.

ICT Policy: used as a basis for planning, decision-making, monitoring and control of all ICT activities in the long term

An ICT Master Plan: courses of actions required to implement the ICT Policy, in relation to time, priorities and costs.

Infrastructure Development

Improvement of the networking infrastructure **Objectives**:

- Connect Universities in the country
- Provide/improve internet connectivity to universities and major research Institutes
- Obtain sufficient international bandwidth to support the academic activities of the staff and students of the universities and research institutes.
- Operate and maintain the campus-wide networks.
- Deploy applications such as distance education based on the networks.
- Build and maintain a network management unit to support networking activities in the Research and Education sector.

Functional applications:

- library information system
- a corporate financial system
- an academic register information system
- e-mail
- Internet/Intranet services

Split (or 'Sandwich') PhD program

 a total of 43 PhD students from developing countries (24 at DSV and 19 at other Swedish Universities)

They spend half of the year at their home university and the other half in Sweden.

•16 Licentiates (12 at DSV, 4 at other Swedish universities)
• 3 Doctors + 2 doctors in December 2006 (all at DSV)

MSc programmes

Support for staff from partner universities to study for their MSc degree at Swedish universities

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Curriculum Development

Swedish scholars collaborate in the definition of curricula

Aims:

- high academic standards
- degree compatibility
- prospective PhD students
- a start for future research collaboration
- sustainability

Positive effects at partner universities (1):

New or improved networks have enabled new services:

- access to databases
- information systems
- portals
- libraries
- interactive and distance learning
- electronic archives

Positive effects at partner universities (2):

New ICT specialised entities have improved

- the distribution of information services
- the analysis and implementation of ICT
- user assistance and support
- educational activities and knowledge transfer to other institutions and enterprises

Positive effects at partner universities (3):

Seminars, training programmes on all levels:

- basic users
- administrators
- policy makers

Positive effects in Sweden:

ICT issues addressed by the projects

have an academic potential and value also in Sweden.

A new interest towards developing countries in the Swedish academia.

In turn this stimulates the exchange of scholars.

Other positive effects:

A catalytic factor for South-South cooperation.

Providing **contacts** for new initiatives in research and education

ICT can make significant contributions for endeavours in **other areas** (medicine, agriculture, public administration)

Replicability

in academic environments in other developing countries

ICT education and networking:

a simple yet effective approach

for the empowerment of the academic communities in developing countries

ICT proliferation and education is a good way to contribute to a culture of development.

Information on DSV – SU/KTH: www.dsv.su.se Information on DSV's ICT4D projects: www.dsv.su.se/research/sida/

SPIDER

Swedish Program for ICT in Development Regions

- An agent for development, combating the digital divide
- Focal point for international cooperation in ICT
- Focal point for ICT expertise
- Initiator/catalyst for cooperation between the North and the South (developing countries)

SPIDER Network

Universities in Sweden

- Blekinge TH
- Göteborgs Universitet
- Jönköping University
- Karlstad University
- Karolinska Institutet
- Karolinska Institutet
- KTH
- Linköping University
- Lund University
- Mitt Högskolan
- Stockholm University
- Uppsala University
- Örebro University
- Umeå University
- Delft TU, The Netherlands

Developing Countries

- Bolivia
- Burkina Faso
- Ethiopia
- Honduras
- Laos
- Mozambique
- Namibia
- Nicaragua
- Rwanda
- Sri Lanka
- Tanzania
- Uganda
- Vietnam

SPIDER

- Resource base for Sida
- Partner for ICT industry
- Partner /coordinator for the academic sector
- Window to the South

Promoter of the Swedish ICT resources and solutions
Partner for peer institutions (EU, WB, InfoDev, IICD,IDRC, Bellanet,)
Gateway to the

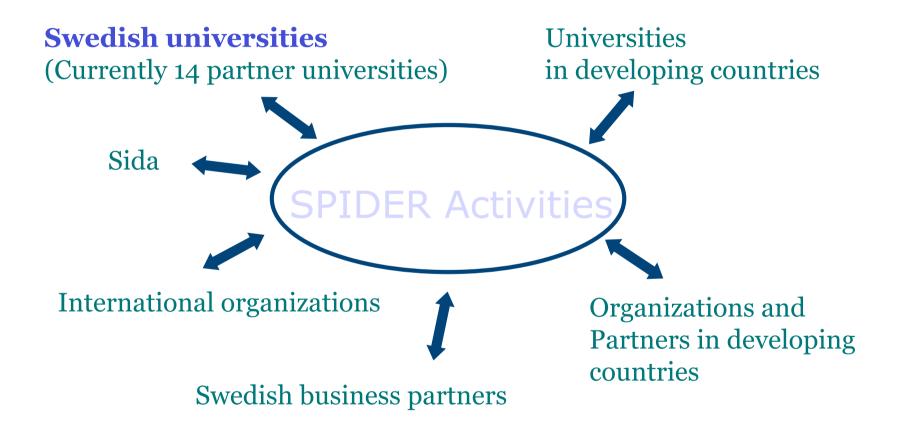
Gateway to the academic and private (ICT) sector in Sweden
Entry point to the

• Entry point to the Swedish society for universities in developing countries

SPIDER activities:

- Projects initiated by Swedish Universities in collaboration with developing countries
 - E-learning in Tanzania
 - Grid computing in Sri Lanka
- Demand driven projects from developing countries
 - Uganda, Mozambique, Tanzania, Sri Lanka
- Education
 - ICT4D International Master course
- Seminars and workshops
 - WITFOR 2005, WSIS-II, eLearning Africa
- Counterpart in Sida supported projects
 - Bolivia, Burkina Faso, Honduras
- Helpdesk for Swedish Authorities
 - HIV/AIDS study

SPIDER Network



Information on SPIDER: **www.dsv.su.se** More information: www.sasnet.lu.se/compsth.html



Thank you

R. Candia - DSV-SU/KTH